

Logarithmic Equations**Solve each equation. Round your answers to the nearest ten-thousandth.**

1) $\log x - \log 2 = \log 17$

2) $\log 8 + \log x = 1$

3) $\log 3 + \log x = 2$

4) $\log x - \log 2 = 1$

Solve each equation.

5) $\log_8(x^2 - 1) - \log_8 3 = 1$

6) $\log 3x^2 - \log 3 = 2$

7) $\log_8 4x - \log_8 5 = \log_8 39$

8) $\log_7(x + 4) - \log_7 x = 3$

9) $\ln(5 - 2x) + \ln 9 = 4$

10) $\ln(3x - 1) + \ln 4 = \ln 15$

11) $\ln(10 - 2x^2) - \ln 5 = \ln 2$

12) $\ln 5 - \ln(4 - 4x) = \ln 33$

Logarithmic Equations**Solve each equation. Round your answers to the nearest ten-thousandth.**

1) $\log x - \log 2 = \log 17$

2) $\log 8 + \log x = 1$

{34}

{1.25}

3) $\log 3 + \log x = 2$

4) $\log x - \log 2 = 1$

{33.3333}

{20}

Solve each equation.

5) $\log_8(x^2 - 1) - \log_8 3 = 1$

6) $\log 3x^2 - \log 3 = 2$

{5, -5}

{10, -10}

7) $\log_8 4x - \log_8 5 = \log_8 39$

8) $\log_7(x + 4) - \log_7 x = 3$

{ $\frac{195}{4}$ }{ $\frac{2}{171}$ }

9) $\ln(5 - 2x) + \ln 9 = 4$

10) $\ln(3x - 1) + \ln 4 = \ln 15$

{ $\frac{-e^4 + 45}{18}$ }{ $\frac{19}{12}$ }

11) $\ln(10 - 2x^2) - \ln 5 = \ln 2$

12) $\ln 5 - \ln(4 - 4x) = \ln 33$

{0}

{ $\frac{127}{132}$ }