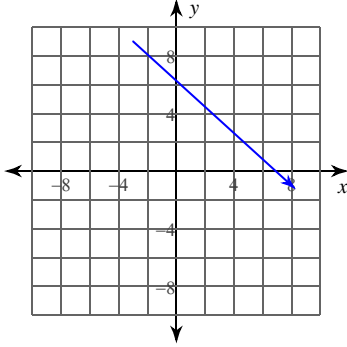


Two-Dimensional Vector Basics

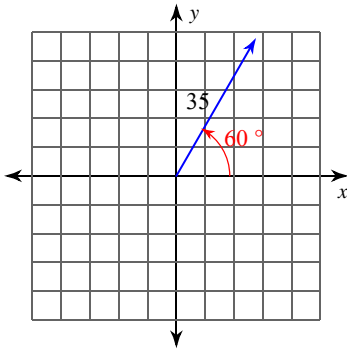
Write each vector in component form.

1) \overrightarrow{RS} where $R = (9, 3)$ $S = (1, 8)$



2) \overrightarrow{PQ} where $P = (-10, 5)$ $Q = (-9, -10)$

3)



4) $|\vec{k}| = 52, 174^\circ$

Draw a diagram to illustrate the horizontal and vertical components of the vector. Then find the magnitude of each component.

5) $|\vec{t}| = 26, 115^\circ$

6) $|\vec{a}| = 15, 230^\circ$

Find the magnitude and direction angle for each vector.

7) $8\vec{i} + 15\vec{j}$

8) $\vec{r} = \langle -8, -41 \rangle$

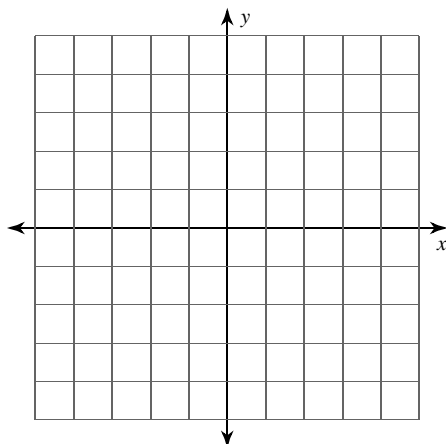
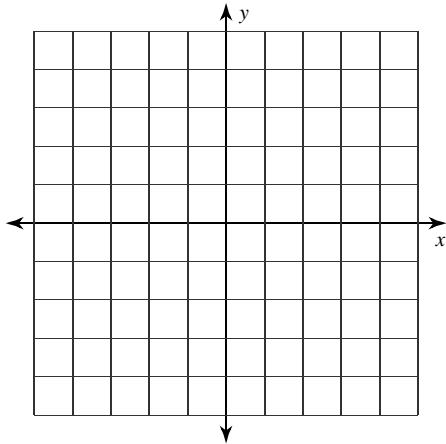
Find the component form, magnitude, and direction angle for the given vector

9) \overrightarrow{CD} where $C = (6, -3)$ $D = (-6, -9)$

Sketch a graph of each vector then find the magnitude and direction angle.

10) $5\vec{i} - 12\vec{j}$

11) \overrightarrow{RS} where $R = (-9, -1)$ $S = (-7, -3)$



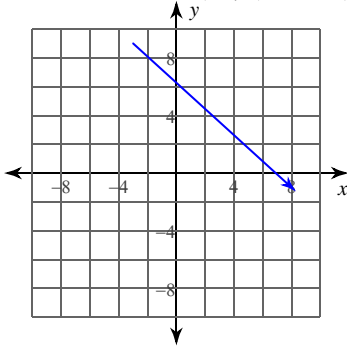
Critical thinking question:

12) Find the component form of \vec{v} with a magnitude of 50 in the opposite direction of $\vec{u} = \left\langle 2, -\frac{3}{2} \right\rangle$

Two-Dimensional Vector Basics

Write each vector in component form.

1) \overrightarrow{RS} where $R = (-3, 9)$ $S = (8, -1)$

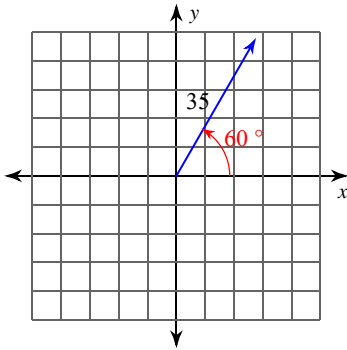


$$\langle 11, -10 \rangle$$

2) \overrightarrow{PQ} where $P = (-10, 5)$ $Q = (-9, -10)$

$$\langle 1, -15 \rangle$$

3)



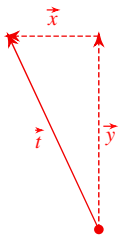
$$\left\langle \frac{35}{2}, \frac{35\sqrt{3}}{2} \right\rangle$$

4) $|\vec{k}| = 52, 174^\circ$

$$\langle -51.72, 5.44 \rangle$$

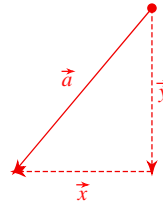
Draw a diagram to illustrate the horizontal and vertical components of the vector. Then find the magnitude of each component.

5) $|\vec{t}| = 26, 115^\circ$



Horizontal: -10.99
Vertical: 23.56

6) $|\vec{a}| = 15, 230^\circ$



Horizontal: -9.64
Vertical: -11.49

Find the magnitude and direction angle for each vector.

7) $8\vec{i} + 15\vec{j}$

17
 61.93°

8) $\vec{r} = \langle -8, -41 \rangle$

$\sqrt{1745} \approx 41.773$
 258.96°

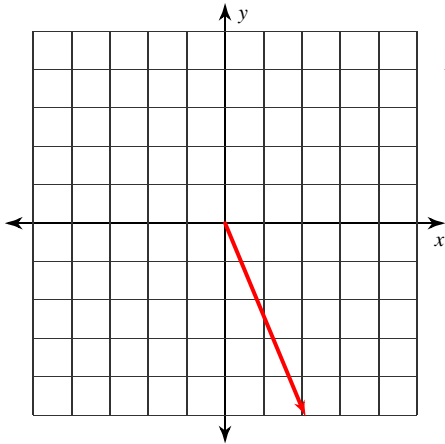
Find the component form, magnitude, and direction angle for the given vector

9) \overrightarrow{CD} where $C = (6, -3)$ $D = (-6, -9)$

$\langle -12, -6 \rangle$
 $6\sqrt{5} \approx 13.416$
 206.57°

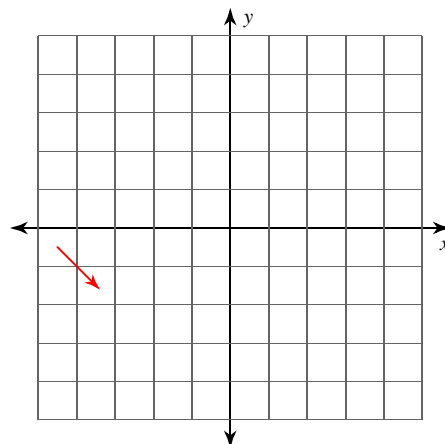
Sketch a graph of each vector then find the magnitude and direction angle.

10) $5\vec{i} - 12\vec{j}$



13
 292.62°

11) \overrightarrow{RS} where $R = (-9, -1)$ $S = (-7, -3)$



$2\sqrt{2} \approx 2.828$
 315°

Critical thinking question:

12) Find the component form of \vec{v} with a magnitude of 50 in the opposite direction of $\vec{u} = \left\langle 2, -\frac{3}{2} \right\rangle$

$$\vec{v} = \langle -40, 30 \rangle$$